

- D. Calculate the 99% confidence interval for the proportion of parts passing inspection.

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{p} \pm Z\sigma_{\bar{p}} \\ .90 \pm 2.58(.041) \\ .90 \pm .106 \\ .794 \leftrightarrow 1.006 \end{aligned}$$

Proportions over 100% are not possible. Darin needs to lower the point estimate of the sampling distribution's standard deviation with a larger sample.

- E. What sample size is necessary to reduce acceptable error to $\pm 5\%$?

$$\begin{aligned} n &= \bar{p}(1 - \bar{p}) \left(\frac{Z}{E} \right)^2 = .90(1 - .90) \left(\frac{2.58}{.05} \right)^2 \\ &= .90(.10)(2662.56) \\ &= 239.630 \rightarrow 240 \end{aligned}$$

- II. Darin is also concerned about the weight of page 68 parts. It must be possible for the mean weight of parts to be ≤ 30 mg with a 99% degree of confidence. As indicated on page 68 and reviewed below, a recent test was barely successful. Darin wants to reduce error from the current $\pm .0279$ mg to $\pm .025$ mg. What sample size is required?

Page 68 Problem Review

Given: $n = 36$, $z = 2.58$, $s = .065$ mg and $\bar{x} = 30.025$ mg

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} \pm ZS_{\bar{x}} \\ 30.025 \pm .0279 \\ 29.997 \text{ mg} \leftrightarrow 30.053 \text{ mg} \end{aligned}$$

Note: This range indicates the population mean estimated from this sample could be under 30 mg.

The finite correction factor is not required because n/N is less than .05.

$$\begin{aligned} n &= \left(\frac{Z\sigma}{E} \right)^2 \\ &= \left[\frac{(2.58)(.065)}{.025} \right]^2 \\ &= [6.708]^2 \\ &= 44.997 \rightarrow 45 \end{aligned}$$

- III. Check your answer to problem II by calculating the 99% confidence interval using a sample size of 45 and a sample standard deviation of .065. Analyze the result.

$$\bar{x} \pm Z \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} \pm 2.58 \frac{.065}{\sqrt{45}} \\ 30.025 \pm 2.58(.00969) \\ 30.025 \pm .025 \\ 30.000 \leftrightarrow 30.050 \end{aligned}$$

Note: Error equals $2.58(.00969) = .025$

- IV. How would the solution to problem III change if the sample of 45 had been taken from a population of 500 items?

$$\frac{n}{N} = \frac{45}{500} = .09 > .05 \quad \text{The finite correction factor should be used.}$$

- V. Recalculate the answer to problem III using the finite correction factor.

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{\frac{N-n}{N-1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{x} \pm 2.58 \left(\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{N-n}{N-1}} \\ 30.025 \pm 2.58(.00969) \sqrt{\frac{500-45}{500-1}} \\ 30.025 \pm .0239 \\ 30.0011 \leftrightarrow 30.0489 \end{aligned}$$

Note: As expected, the answer became more exact.