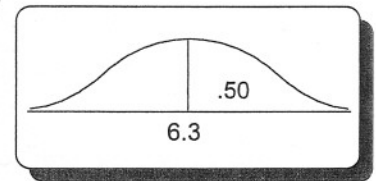


II. The number of customers returning merchandise to Darin's Music Emporium is normally distributed with a mean of 6.3 per week and a standard deviation of 1.5. Given the following probabilities, calculate the appropriate value or values for x.

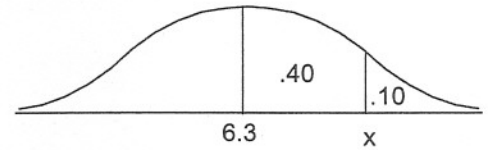
- A. Half of the time, returns will be above 6.3 per week.
 B. Ninety percent of the time returns will be below 8.2.



$$50\% - 10\% = 40\% \rightarrow Z = 1.28$$

Note: Use only the plus sign because the top 10% is to the right of 6.3.

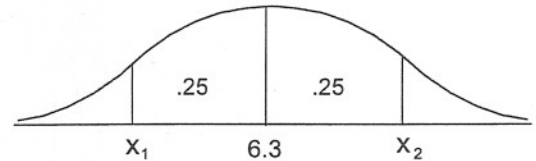
$$\begin{aligned} \mu \pm z\sigma \\ 6.3 + 1.28(1.5) \\ 6.3 + 1.92 \\ = 8.2 \end{aligned}$$



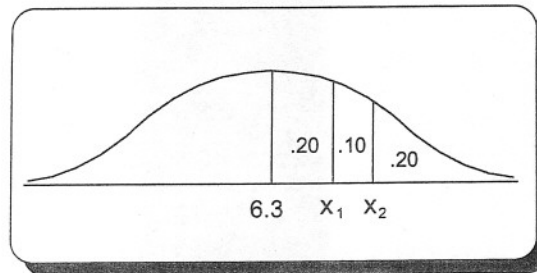
C. Find the interquartile range for returns to Darin's Music Emporium.

$$25\% \rightarrow Z = .67$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu \pm z\sigma \\ 6.3 \pm .67(1.5) \\ 6.3 \pm 1.005 \\ 5.3 \leftrightarrow 7.3 \end{aligned}$$



D. Draw a graph of the eighth decile for returns to Darin's Music Emporium.



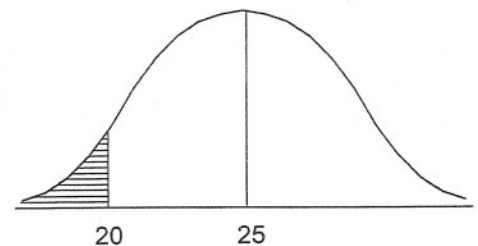
III. A recent study indicated 5% of Darin's customers return merchandise sold for credit. What is the probability of Darin having less than 20 returns for a 500 credit sales week?

The normal approximation of the binomial may be used when $n \geq 30$ and both np and nq are ≥ 5 .
 $n = 500, np = 500 \times .05 = 25$, and $nq = 500 \times .95 = 475$. The normal approximation may be used.

Given:

$$\begin{aligned} p &= .05 \\ n &= 500 \\ x &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu &= np = (500)(.05) = 25 \\ \sigma &= \sqrt{npq} \\ &= \sqrt{500(.05)(.95)} = \sqrt{23.75} = 4.8734 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} Z &= \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{19.5 - 25.0}{4.8734} = -1.13 \rightarrow .3708 \\ 50.00\% - 37.08\% &= 12.92\% \end{aligned}$$

Note: Because the question's range does not include 20, 20's lower limit of 19.5 is used for x.