

# Practice Set 16 Small Sample Hypothesis Testing Using Student's t Test

- I. Darin wants to determine whether there is a difference in the number of sick days taken by employees based upon their education. A sample of 11 high school graduates had a mean of 5 sick days per year and a standard deviation of 2.5 days. Twelve non-graduates averaged 10 sick days per year. Their standard deviation was 3.25 days. Is there a difference in sick days taken based upon education? Use the .01 level of significance.

Given
$n_1 = 11$
$\bar{X}_1 = 5$
$S_1^2 = 2.5^2 = 6.25$
$n_2 = 12$
$\bar{X}_2 = 10$
$S_2^2 = 3.25^2 = 10.56$
$\alpha = .01$

$$S_w^2 = \frac{(n_1-1)s_1^2 + (n_2-1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{(11-1)6.25 + (12-1)10.56}{11 + 12 - 2}$$

$$= \frac{62.50 + 116.16}{21}$$

$$= 8.51$$

The 5-step approach to hypothesis testing

- $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$  and  $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$
- $\alpha = .01$
- The test statistic is  $\bar{x}$ .
- $df = n_1 + n_2 - 2 = 11 + 12 - 2 = 21$   
 $\alpha = .01$  and  $.01/2 = .005 \rightarrow t = \pm 2.831$
- Apply the decision rule.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{S_w^2 \left( \frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2} \right)}} = \frac{5 - 10}{\sqrt{8.51 \left( \frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{12} \right)}} = -4.11$$

Reject  $H_0$  because -4.11 is beyond -2.831. Non-high school graduates took a different number of sick days than high school graduates.

- II. Darin conducted a training program for 5 recently-hired employees. Test at the .01 level whether the training program increased employee efficiency.

Employee	Efficiency Rating		d	d <sup>2</sup>
	Before	After		
1	8	9	-1	1
2	6	8	-2	4
3	7	8	-1	1
4	7	9	-2	4
5	8	10	-2	4
			-8	14

$$\bar{d} = \frac{\sum d}{n} = \frac{-8}{5} = -1.6$$

$$S_d = \sqrt{\frac{\sum d^2 - \frac{(\sum d)^2}{n}}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{14 - \frac{(-8)^2}{5}}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{14 - 12.8}{4}}$$

$$= .5477$$

The 5-step approach to hypothesis testing

- $H_0: \mu_d \geq 0$  and  $H_1: \mu_d < 0$
- $\alpha = .01$
- The test statistic is  $\bar{d}$ .
- $df = n - 1 = 5 - 1 = 4$  and  $\alpha$  of .01  $\rightarrow t = -3.747$
- Apply the decision rule.

$$t = \frac{\bar{d}}{\frac{s_d}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{-1.6}{\frac{.5477}{\sqrt{5}}} = \frac{-1.6}{.245} = -6.53$$

Reject  $H_0$  because -6.53 is beyond -3.747.  
Training increased efficiency.

Note:  $H_0$  points to the left and t is negative. Why? When scores increase, their difference is negative.